Report of the Janusz Korczak International Youth Meeting 18-22 September 2007, The Netherlands. (a summery. The full report will be published in January 2008. To be ordered via info@korczak.nl. You will receive it in digital format)

The Janusz Korczak Association offered herself a jubilee-present. We celebrated this year our 25th birthday and the best way was an International Conference for young people, working in the field of education, childcare, upbringing, children's rights, public health service etc.

Let me repeat our aims and context of this conference.

After the Janusz Korczak International Meeting in 1995 in The Netherlands, it became evident that the approach of youth -care in the Eastern and Western European countries, as well as in the countries in South- America, Asia and Africa, differs a lot. During this conference there was a strong demand for exchange of practical experiences and ideas in the field of youth-care, education and children's rights. (special youth at risk). The Janusz Korczak Associations in the different countries have their own, specific manner of dealing with the problems of offering support to children and youngsters in threatend situations. (in the family, in school, in the peer-group, etc)

During that conference in 2005 the reciprocal inspiration was highly appreciated and of course also the inspiration by Korczak=s work and ideas. Specially the young educators and groupleaders need know-how and encouragement for their daily work in the institutions, schools and childrens=s houses. Important was (and is) the coherent continuation in their work. That involved in the obligation for more exchange, study and support at the long term. For this purpose, the conference in 2007 will give an impulse. It will bring together young professionals, volunteers and experts.

We had 8 important pedagogical themes with high relevance for people from so many different countries, like:

- 1. Growing up in two cultures; Problems vs positive experiences in a multi-cultural and multi-ethnic society
- 2. The need of education for citizenship; active participation of children in society.
- 3. Children and multimedia (tv, internet, video-games, mobile telephones); risks and opportunities; influence of consumer society.
- 4. The right of children on sexuality.
- 5. Learning for life. How can children be active in their own learning process?
- 6. Integration of disabled and chronic ill children in society
- 7. The right of children to mental and physical protection
- 8. How can we help children and young people to deal with aggression?

People came from Ukraine, Russia, Lithuania, Poland, France, Ghana, Kirgistan, Brasil, Burundi, Bangladesh, Germany, India, Czech and Holland. We stayed 6 days in a nice house near the beach of the North Sea and the water temperature was perfect for swimming.

If you are thinking of conferences, often boring, long-winded speeches come in memory and passive listeners.

In our case we followed a different approach. For each topic a specialist worked together with the participants in an inter-active way. It were real workshops and the participants put their own experiences and know-how into the workshops. Each workshop took two morning-sessions. So, after two days another topic could be chosen.

Each time people came to us to tell how much such a workshop meant for them. There was a great commitment among the participants. If you live 6 days together, day and night, a strong tie and trust between people is growing. And than, the afternoon-session. We had the so-called creativity workshops in which we appealed on other aspects of one's competences, perhaps unknown abilities like music, sculpt, producing animation films, playing in theatre, etc. These discoveries in yourself supported in turn the workshops in the morning sessions.

Very special were the 'Open Stages' during the evening. Everybody could present their own specialities or projects. We listened to the story of Colette Charlet from France who worked in the project 'Children's city in Rosario (Argentina); to Julia Fishman and Vladimir Vyzotski from Kiev who told us about the Jewish Welfare Work 'Beitenu'; to Nilufar Karim from Bangladesh who showed us her work in Dacca; to Sylvia Guimaraes from Sao Paulo who told us about 'Projeto Anchieto' in one a the biggest slums ('favela') of that city; to Irina Gurvich and Natalia Levkova who explained us the importance of the Center for Tolerance in St-Peterburg, etc.etc. People were very much interested in these stories and the 'Open Stages' always went longer than expected and were followed by questions and discussions.

During that week we had some special highlights. First of all the breathtaking concert by Shura Lipovsky, famous singer of Yiddish Songs and storyteller. We had beautiful excursions to the North of Holland (The Dutch struggle against the water) and the old centre of Amsterdam, including a visit to the Anne Frank house. Some of the participants rent a bike and made nice trips to the forest and little villages.

What was the result of the Conference?

- * First of all we noticed that the 8 themes were recognizable for the participants with so different backgrounds. Topics like 'The impact of media on children', 'growing up in a multi-cultural society' or 'the right of children on a harmonious sexuality' proved to be relevant and of current interest everywhere.
- * Participants received new 'baggage' for their work, but in the mean time they contributed to the colleagues their own know-how and experiences. The workshop leaders offered opportunities for this exchange and participants were very pleased with the level of the workshops.

- * One important thing was the renewed and widened knowledge about Korczak's life and work. Not all participants were familiar with Korczak's ideas and during the workshops, the 'open stages', discussions and the morning texts, we tried to connect Korczak with our daily work or study. Besides that we had a reading-centre with books of Korczak, or about Korczak in several languages. Some were surprised that they could read about Korczak in their own language, like the 'The King of Children' in Russian or texts of Korczak in Portuguese. Students told us that these texts were real eye-openers for them and they discovered how Korczak was ahead of his time.
- * It is difficult to put into words the personal emotions and experiences of the participants during those days. Mutual recognition of problems but also support, solidarity and connection. Long talks till deep in the night or walks along the beach made one big family of us. Material or businesslike contacts but most of all friendships and of course many invitations belonging to them.

We'll put in the full report the comments of the participants and details of the workshops.

The say goodbye on Friday morning was not easy; many thankful embraces.

(Theo Cappon)